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Metal Scrap: Types, Uses, and Global Trade

Metal scrapis categorizedinto ferrous(iron-based) and non-ferrous(non-iron-based) materials, each with specific grades and qualities. This presentation explores the types, uses, markets, and regulations governing the metal scrap industry, providing essential information for buyers, sellers, and investors in this sector.





Types of Qualities & Grades in Metal Scrap

Ferrous Scrap (Iron-based)

- HMS 1: Clean, heavysteel,>6mmthickness, nogalvanizedparts
- HMS 2: Steel including galvanized/painted parts, >3mm thickness
- Cast Iron Scrap
- Shredded Scrap (ISRI 210-211 codes)
- Busheling Scrap (New Steel Scrap)

Non-Ferrous Scrap

- Aluminum Scrap (UBC,Extrusion, Taint/Tabor)
- Copper Scrap (Birch/Cliff, Berry/Berry Candy, Millberry)
- Brass, Zinc, Lead Scrap
- Nickel, Tin, Titanium, etc.

The **Institute of Scrap Recycling Industries (ISRI)** provides internationally accepted grade codes that standardize scrap metal classification globally.

Uses of Metal Scrap



Steelmaking & Foundries

Used as raw material in furnaces

Construction Industry

Beams, rods, rebar, etc.

Automobile Industry

Vehicle parts, engines, body panels

Electrical & Electronics

Copper/aluminum wiring, circuit components

Packaging & Consumer Goods

Aluminum cans, foils, utensils, appliances, furniture



Products Made from Metal Scrap

Rods, sheets, bars, and coils used in construction and manufacturing



Aluminum Products

Steel Products

Recycledsheets,ingots,utensils with lower energy consumption than virgin production



Copper & Brass

Wires, cables, pipes, brass&bronze products for electrical and plumbing applications



Auto Parts

Machinerycomponents and vehicle parts manufactured from recycled metals



Household Items

Appliances, cookware, and furniture made from various recycled metals

Wholesale Markets of Metal Scrap in India

Mandi Gobindgarh (Punjab)

Known as the "Steel Town of India" - major ferrous scrap trading hub

Ghaziabad (UP)

Tradingcenterforbothferrous & non-ferrous scrap

Mumbai & Navi Mumbai

Major import hub due to port facilities

Alang Ship-Breaking Yard (Gujarat)

World'slargest shiprecyclingyard

Other significant markets include Delhi & Faridabad (non-ferrous), Howrah (foundry scrap), and Ahmedabad, Surat, Rajkot (brass, copper & aluminum).





Quality Inspections & Test Reports

1 Pre-shipment Inspection (PSI)

Required by DGFT for imports into India

3 Chemical Composition Test

Spectrometeranalysisforpurity verification

5 Radiation Certificate

Ensures no radioactive contamination

Weight & Quantity Verification

Third-party inspection reports

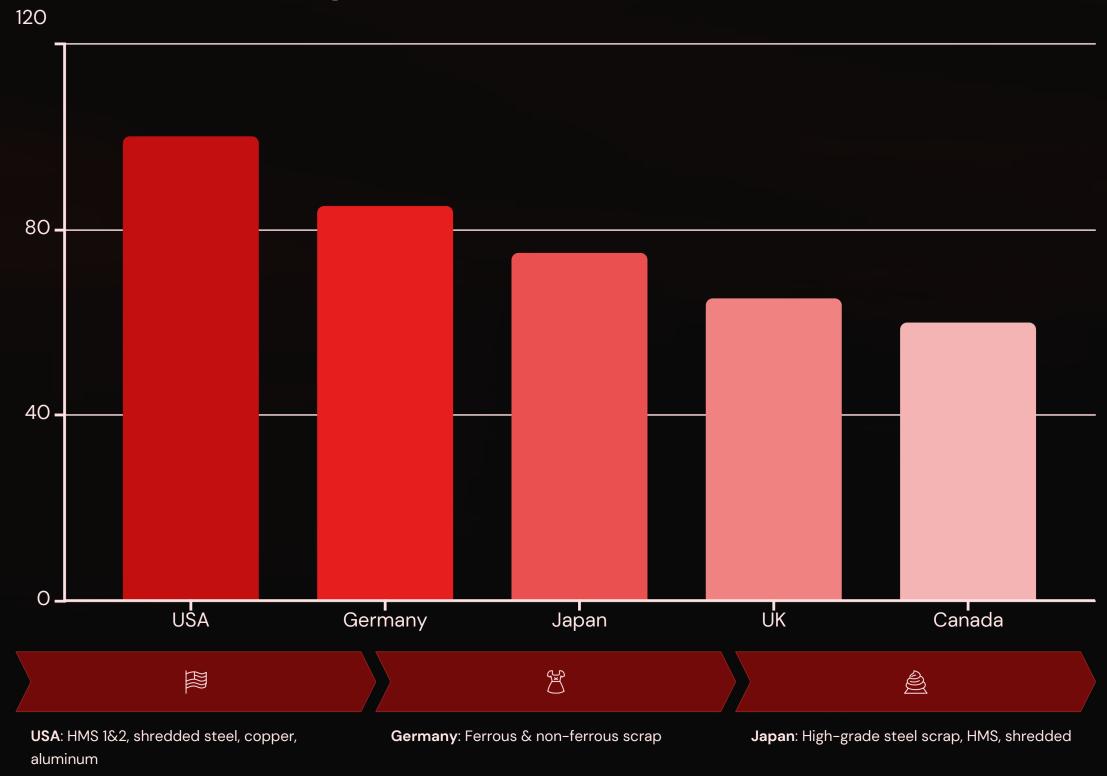
4 ISRI/IS Code Compliance

International scrap grading standards

6 Mill Test Certificate (MTC)

For specific buyers with stringent requirements

Top Exporting Countries of Metal Scrap



These countries are major suppliers to importing nations like India, China, Turkey, Bangladesh, and Vietnam.

Packaging & HS Codes for Metal Scrap

Packaging Methods

- BulkShipment in 20ft/40ft Containers
- Loose Loading in Breakbulk vessels (HMS & Shredded)
- Compressed Bales/Bundles (aluminum cans, copper wires)
- Drums or Pallets (smaller non-ferrous pieces)



HS Codes

Material	HS Code
Ferrous Scrap	72044900
Aluminum Scrap	76020010/90
Copper Scrap	74040090
Brass Scrap	74040022
Lead Scrap	78020010

Exact HS code depends on the specific metal type and form.

Challenges & Investment in Importing Metal Scrap

KeyChallenges

Strictimportregulations(DGFTpolicy in India)

Mandatory pre-shipment inspection & radiation certificates

High import duty & GST (varies by metal type)

Fluctuating global scrap prices

Contamination risk (hazardous/radioactive materials)

Investment Needed

- IECCode (Import Export Code)
- Working capital for bulk purchase (minimum container = 25-28 MT)
- Pre-shipment inspection fee (\$250-\$500 per container)
- Customs duty, GST, port handling charges
- Storage facilities and processing equipment



Certifications & Licenses Required

1

IEC (Import Export Code)

Mandatory for all import/export activities

2

DGFT License

Specialpermissionrequired for restricted items

3

Pre-shipment Inspection Certificate

Mandatory for all scrap imports to India

Pollution Control Board Clearance

Required for recycling units

1

BIS Certification

Sometimes required for alloy steels

2

Radiation Certificate

Toprovescrapisfreefromradioactive contamination

5

GST Registration

Required for trading within India